I submitted my FAFSA. Now what?

Congrats! You did it! You're on your way to forming your future.

1. Review your Student Aid Report (SAR)

After you submit your FAFSA, you'll get a Student Aid Report (SAR) within three days if you signed online or three weeks if you mailed a signature page. Your SAR is a summary of the FAFSA data you submitted. You can print your SAR by logging into FAFSA.gov with your FSA ID and clicking on the appropriate school year. You can also check the status of your application if you have not yet received your SAR.

Once you receive your SAR, make sure all the information is correct! If you used the IRS Data Retrieval Tool (DRT), your tax information will appear encrypted on your SAR.

2. Review your EFC

When reviewing your SAR, look for the expected family contribution (EFC) number. You can find your EFC in the box at the top of the first page of your SAR, under your SSN.

Your EFC is a measure if your family's financial strength and is calculated according to a formula established by law. This formula considers the following about you (and your parents, if you're a dependent student):

Tax and untaxed income Assets Benefits (such as unemployment and Social Security) Family size Number of family members who will attend college during the year

Schools use your EFC to determine your federal student aid eligibility and your financial aid award. However, it's important to remember that EFC is not the amount of money your family will have to pay for college nor is it the amount of federal student aid you will receive. It is a number used by your school to calculate how much financial aid you are eligible to receive. If you have any further questions, you can ask your school's financial aid office.

3. Make corrections if you need to

You must wait for your most recent FAFSA submission to process before you can update or make corrections to your FAFSA. That usually takes about three days.

What if you realize you need to update some information?

Log in with your FSA ID.

Click "Make FAFSA Corrections"

Corrections should be processed in three to five days and you should receive a revised SAR.

After you click "SUBMIT", you cannot make another correction until your FAFSA has been processed successfully.

You usually cannot update your FAFSA because it must be accurate as of the day you originally signed it. However, you should speak to the financial aid office at the school you plan to attend if your parent's income for the present year has changed or if any other family circumstances have occurred that cannot be reported on the FAFSA.

4. Review your financial aid history

The last page of your SAR includes information about your financial aid history, specifically the student loans you have taken out. It's important to keep track of how much you're borrowing and to understand the terms and conditions of any loans. You can always access your financial aid history by logging into My Federal Student Aid. Make sure you have your FSA ID ready.

5. Double check with your schools

After you've reviewed everything, make sure you double check with the financial aid offices at the schools you applied to. Sometimes schools need additional paperwork or have other deadlines. You don't want to leave any money on the table!